# Discovering the Ancient Grain Quinoa

# INTERESTING FACTS ABOUT QUINOA

- Cultivated in 3000 5000 BC by the Incas in Peru
- Before cultivation, ancient tribes used the leaves and seeds as food
- Called the "Mother of all Grains" because the Incas believed it ensured long life. It was also known to increase stamina of Inca warriors
- This grain was so sacred the Inca emperor himself would sow the first seeds of the season using tools made of pure gold
- Technically, quinoa is not really a grain but a fruit of an herb plant
- Quinoa is grown at high altitudes; above 12,500 feet is the sweetest-tasting
- Quinoa is a close cousin to tumbleweed, beets and another ancient grain, amaranth
- Although quinoa is a product grown in the Andes of Bolivia and Peru, the US harvests 200,000 pounds each year from farms in the Rocky Mountains



#### **QUINOA IS A SUPERFOOD**

- This grain contains all 9
  essential amino acids, making
  it a low-fat, cholesterol- free
  substitute for meat
- One cup cooked quinoa has more calcium than 2 cups of milk
- Quinoa is higher in protein than most grains but less than the protein found in legumes
- It's rich in B vitamins, folate, calcium, magnesium, iron, phosphorus, zinc and fiber and is especially high in vitamin E



#### pronounced "KEEN-wah"

- Quinoa has been found to contain higher amounts of powerful polyphenol and quercetin antioxidants than other grains. Antioxidant activity increases with sprouting
- It contains small amounts of anti-inflammatory omega 3 fats
- Quinoa is wheat and glutenfree so it is safe for those on a gluten-free or reduced gluten diet
- Because of its high protein and fiber content, quinoa has a low glycemic index and is useful in blood sugar control
- Quinoa contains nearly twice the fiber per serving than other grains. Because of its high soluble fiber, it helps lower LDL cholesterol and risk for heart disease and stroke

#### **SAPONINS**

Saponins are natural compounds produced by the plant to resist pests like microbes, fungi and insects.

Although saponins may help lower cholesterol, they can also make the grain taste bitter.

Rinse quinoa before cooking.

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#### **BUYING QUINOA**

- Quinoa can be bought in packages or in bulk and can be found at most grocery stores or health markets
- Quinoa is usually cultivated by hand. Since there is less risk of chemical exposure, there is no need to buy organic
- Quinoa comes in tan, red, brown and black varieties.
   Darker colors have richer, stronger flavors



#### **STORING QUINOA**

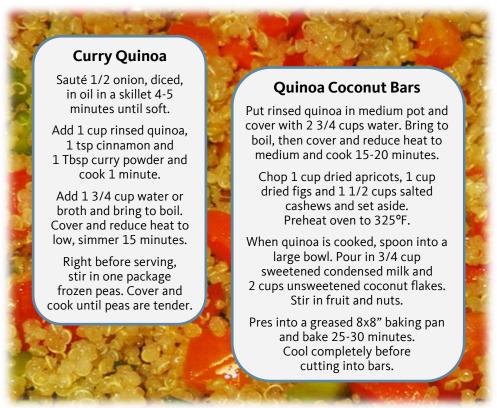
- Quinoa is considered a "soft grain" since it has a soft outer shell. Therefore, it will not store for centuries like hard grains but will still last years at cool temperatures
- The healthy unsaturated oil contained within the germ of the grain spoils quickly so store uncooked quinoa in the refrigerator or freezer
- Cooked quinoa can be frozen in smaller batches. Store in air-tight container and use within 6 months

#### **EASY TO COOK**

- Quinoa has a mild, nutty flavor and mixes well with most recipes
- Bulk or home-grown quinoa should be rinsed to remove saponins, but most commercially packaged brands are pre-washed
- Place 2 cups of water or broth in a pan and bring to boil. Stir in 1 cup quinoa
- Return to boil, then reduce heat, cover and simmer 15 minutes
- 1 cup uncooked quinoa makes
  3 1/2 to 4 cups cooked



- When cooked properly, you will see "tails" emerge from the grain
- Quinoa should not be eaten raw and must be cooked or sprouted before eating
- This grain can also be ground into flour and used in making muffins, cakes and pasta



Try increasing your intake of 100% whole grains by using more *intact grains* in your recipes and meal plans.

Try grains like quinoa, millet, teff, barley, amaranth and steel cut oats.

bobsredmill.com choosemyplate.gov fao.org

#### **REFERENCES**

oaquinoa.com thestonesoup.com whfoods.com wholegrainscouncil.org

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# The Health Benefits of Quinoa

Quinoa, pronounced KEEN-wah, is an ancient grain with all 9 essential amino acids, making it a complete protein food. It has double the fiber of other grains and a rich, nutty flavor.

## One cup of cooked quinoa provides:

 222 Calories, 8 grams of protein, 5 grams fiber, 4 grams of fat and no cholesterol, very low sodium and are gluten free

### **Nutrients in Quinoa**

- Iron for healthy red blood cells, lysine for growth and repair of tissue, and magnesium for blood sugar control and strong bones
- High in calcium, potassium and B vitamins for energy metabolism
- Versatile grain that cooks in just 15 minutes. Packaged quinoa is ready for use. Quinoa bought in bulk should be rinsed before cooking

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